in collaboration with







Why scientific brilliance isn't enough for commercial success

Reflections
11 December 2025

Objective

Enable researchers and teams identify, define, and prioritise their needs—thus enabling faster, more focused, and productive engagement with relevant support providers.

Audience

Primarily for projects from TRL 1 to 7, where these challenges are most prevalent. All sectors.

We help



Sciencepreneurs, tech teams, and lab-to-market organisations

to

transform brilliant science into **Buyable Stories** that Customers and Investors can believe in

and, in the process,

build Teams you can Trust

The Shift



See, Apply and Build Talent

Uncover Customer Value effectively, efficiently

Focus attention on producing well-targeted, strong evidence

Key Principles

Know deeply what the Team has, and what it need. Value each individual. More traction, less friction. Grow your Team Power.

Work with the End in mind | Learn by Doing | Build practical, repeatable Know-How

Work step-by-step through the process of building a Buyable Story. Manage initiative progress more effectively and transparently

Context

Opportunity

You have €60k available through EIC Access+

Observation

Many teams struggle to identify what support they actually need

Why?

Because they don't yet understand where they're stuck and need help

Today:

We'll help you diagnose your real need - so you can choose services that move you forward

Deeptech is hard

Deeptech: Lab-to-market is harder

Development risk

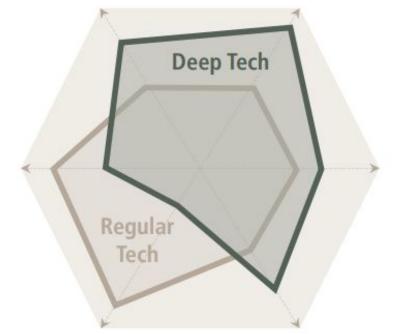
Longer initial development phase

Capital intensity

Often heavy CapEx ahead of revenues and PMF



If the technology solves one of the world's biggest problems, there will be ample demand



Team risk

Academic and scientific backgrounds may have less commercial experience

Competition risk

Often the strong technology edge prevents competition

Technology risk

New technologies don't always work as expected

Four Foundational Challenges

Competitive Moat

Protecting breakthroughs against rapid patent proliferation

Compounded by rigid academic-industry IP agreements that stifle spinout growth

TRL-MRL Alignment

Failure to synchronize technical maturity (TRL) with manufacturing capability (MRL) and market validation

Leading to commercial rejection, despite scientific success

1

Technology Readiness Gap

The "Valley of Death" (TRL 4-7): high capital demand and concentrated engineering risk as concepts move from lab to operational environments

3

Unit Economics Collapse

Inability to establish positive unit profitability due to high, volatile COGS

Unrealistic market sizing and confirmation bias in pricing strategy

2

Your IP Moat is Surrounded by a Patent Minefield

The Funding Advantage

Deep tech's core attractor for investors is **strong IP** – 'technical advantage'

Startups with secured patents are up to **10X** more likely to secure funding

The Friction

With over 8,000 patents filed worldwide daily, startups risk infringing on **dense patent thickets**

Rigid university IP agreements demanding high equity stakes can stifle growth before it begins

10x





The "Valley of Death" is an Engineering Chasm

The transition from **TRL 4 to TRL 7** is chronically underfunded: sits between academic grants and later-stage VC investment.

AND

Moving to verifiable **engineering robustness** demands reliable quantification of **technical risk**: formal failure mode analysis and full engineering documentation

It Works in the Lab. It Fails on the Assembly Line.

The Industrialization Gate

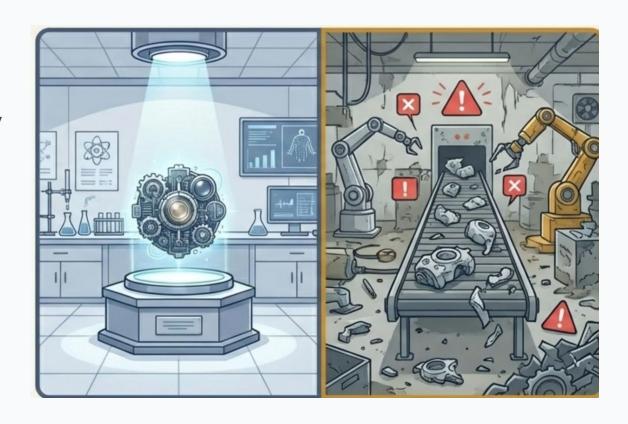
Viability depends on manufacturability (MRL)

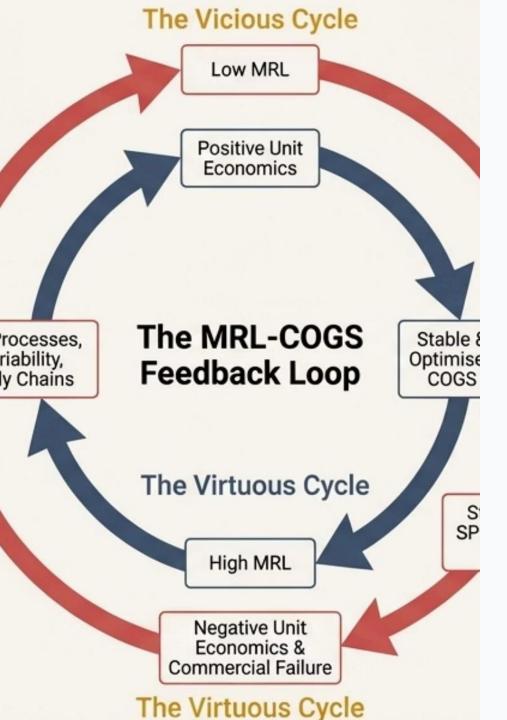
A prototype that performs flawlessly in the lab may be impossible to replicate reliably, cost-effectively, or at scale.

The MRL Challenge

Manufacturing risk cannot be deferred.

It involves navigating novel supply chains, scarcity of specialized talent, and limited access to advanced manufacturing infrastructure.





Establishing viability at pilot scale is non-negotiable

The Vicious Cycle

Low MRL → Unpredictable Processes → Volatile & Inflated COGS → Negative Unit Economics →

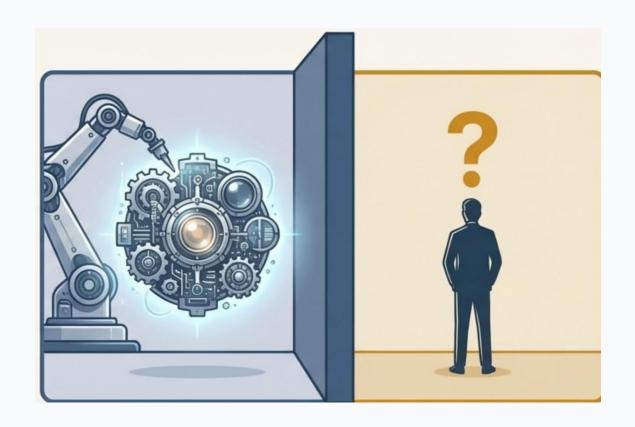
Commercial Failure

2

The Virtuous Cycle

High MRL → Stable Processes & SPC →
Optimized COGS → Positive Unit Economics →
Sustainable Growth

Engineering a Perfect Solution to a Problem Nobody Has

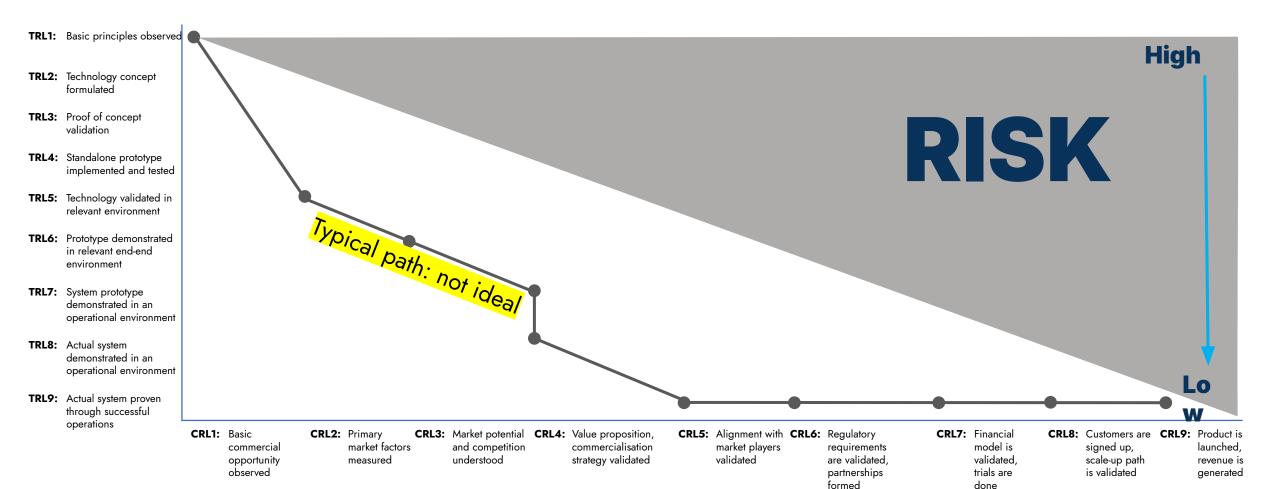


The Value Disconnect

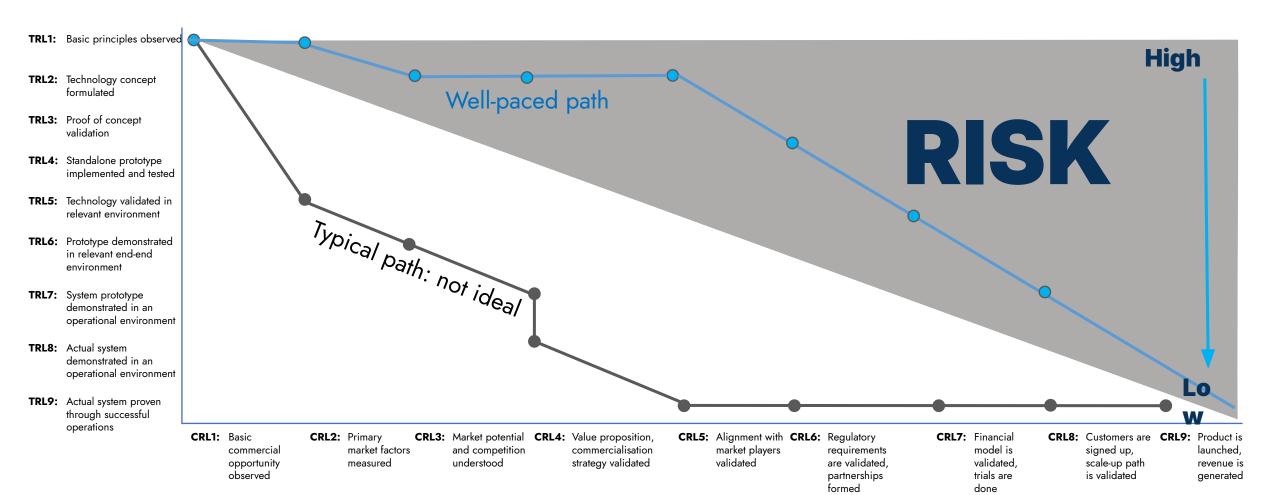
Technical excellence is necessary but insufficient.

Often a company achieves TRL 7 while remaining at CRL1 (unvalidated business model)

TRL > CRL: High Investment Risk



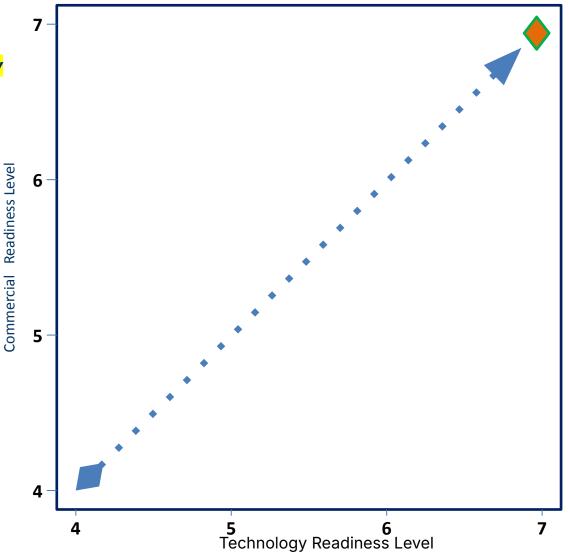
CRL ≥ TRL: Balanced Development



Commercialisation: Build Market Readiness

The full business model is validated.

Willingness to Pay is demonstrated with sales to and use by target Customers



Product-Market-Fit There is **solid proof**that we are in a good
Market, with a Product
that satisfies the value
expectations of that
Market, delivered via a
sustainable Business
Model.

Our business model is **ready to scale**

"Technical excellence does not equate to market value."

Case: Ansaro's \$2M Lesson

The Promise

Al-powered hiring platform. Sophisticated data analysis.

Technically excellent solution.

The Reality

ROI arguments "never resonated with HR buyers."

Failed to drive adoption or behaviour change.

The Fatal Flaw

Focused on technical feasibility.

Failed to validate economic buyer's decision criteria.

Critically, discounted adoption friction

Value disconnect despite technical excellence. Issue: Customer Discovery failure

Who is already doing a good job at Customer Discovery?



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Who is already doing a good job at Customer Discovery?

4 We consistently prepare and execute discovery conversations

37%

1 We are not doing discovery interviews

21%

21%

5 We prepare, execute, evaluate and learn from every discovery conversation

2 We are having a few conversations with potential customers

11%

3 We are planning and preparing customer conversations

11%

The Value Disconnect

73%

of customer discovery interviews fail to uncover actionable insights

Psychological

- Perfectionism
- Fear of rejection
- Sunk cost fallacy
- Founder's syndrome

Structural

- TRL vs MRL gap
- Investor pressure for prototypes
- Know-How gaps

Execution

- Confirmation bias
- Jargon barrier
- Active listening deficit

3



Siscovery Lab

Where lab-to-market teams master the art of effective customer discovery, before facing real customers

Synthesis...

Three Readiness Levels Must Synchronize



TRL

Technology Readiness Level:

Scientific and Engineering Feasibility

Does the technology work?



MRL

Manufacturing Readiness Level:

Production and Industrialisation

Viability

Can we build it reliably at scale?



CRL

Commercial Readiness Level:

Customer Need and Commercial

Viability

Does anyone want it? Will they pay?

Key Insight: These three levels are interdependent axes. A high score on one does not guarantee success.



Enterprise Development

Governance

Professional structures for decision-making. Legal & regulatory compliance. Financial architectures and oversight

Scaling

Systematic approaches to scaling, marketing and sales, talent

Operations

Readiness for production, delivery. Risk management. Partner engagement

Investment and Funding

Financial architecture for attracting and deploying capital

Lab-to-Market Success

is not the absence of risk, but the mastery of readiness

Questions?

Why Brilliant Science Gets Stuck in the Lab



Lost in the Innovation Woods Brilliant science gets stuck. Why?

The Brilliance Trap

Technical excellence and breakthrough discoveries don't automatically translate to market success

The Translation Gap

Something gets lost between you and less-expert audiences who control funding and adoption



Fundamental Market Truth "Investors and Customers don't buy Science



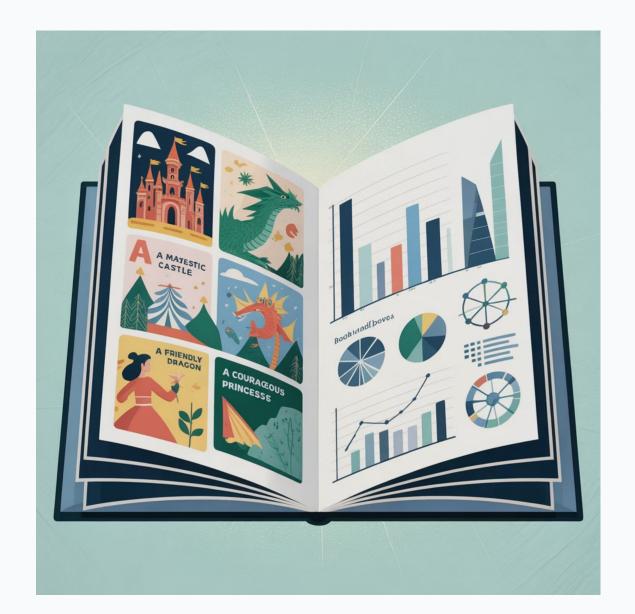
Fundamental Market Truth

"Investors and Customers don't buy Science

What they buy is a story they can believe in and

a team they can trust to deliver it."

What Makes a Story "Buyable"?



Not a Fairy Tale

Grounded in reality and evidence

Key Differentiator: PROOF

Evidence

Scientific Method

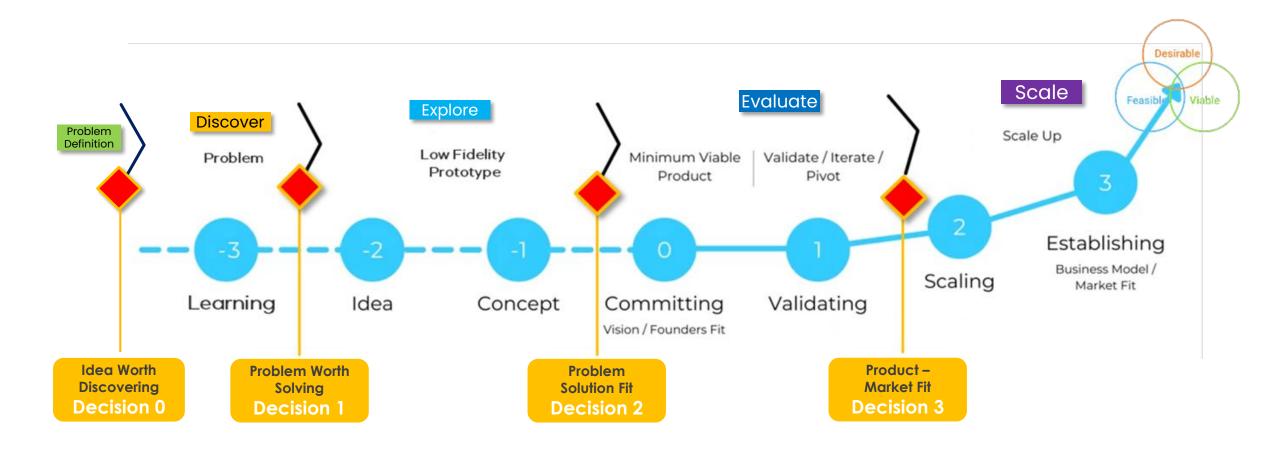
Applied to market commercialization

"Commercialisation" is a systematic, evidence-based discipline—an application of the scientific method to the market itself.

How to create a Buyable Story?

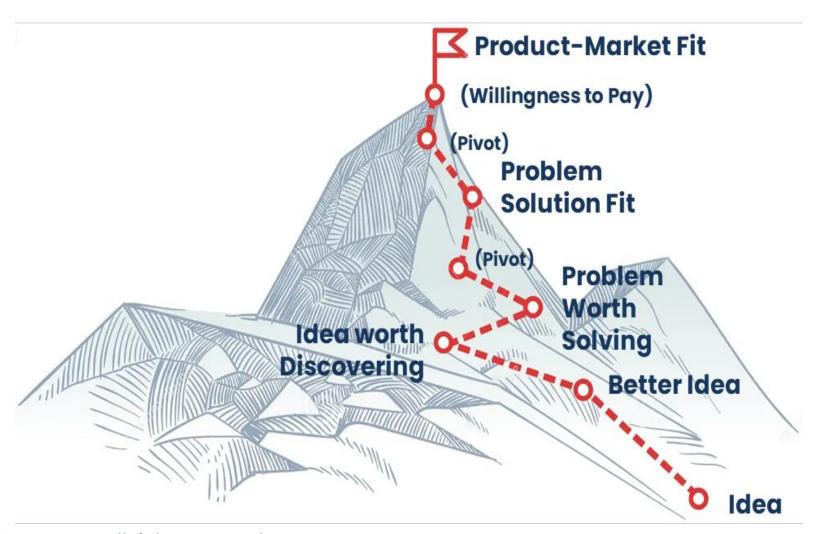
Step by Step

Initiative Journeys progress through a series of Decision Points



A **Decision Point** is a formal, structured evaluation of whether a proposition merits further investment of time, energy, attention, and money

Initiative Journeys progress through a series of Decision Points



People

Process

Progress

Customer Value Stack





Team Power is Key

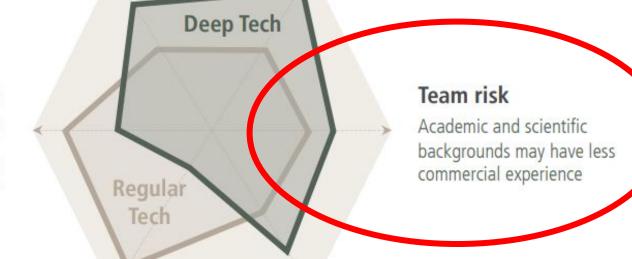
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What is "Team Power"?

Progress People **Process** Clearly articulated, shared Purpose Right mindset; the right mix of skills Clarity about what each member brings (repertoire) Roles, responsibilities: well-defined Agreed strategies to maximise Team Power ✓ Work interactions are effective, efficient Team systematically improves individual and collective Power



Twice as likely to deliver to expectations*

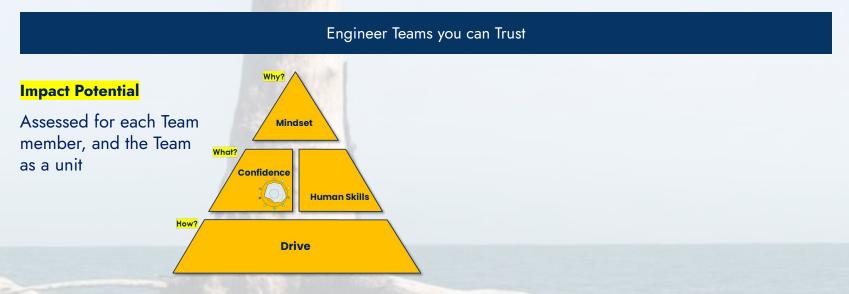
How do we see Team Power and build it?





Impact Potential: what you bring



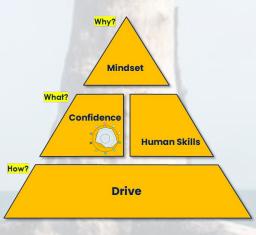


Initiative Maturity



Engineer Teams you can Trust

Impact Potential

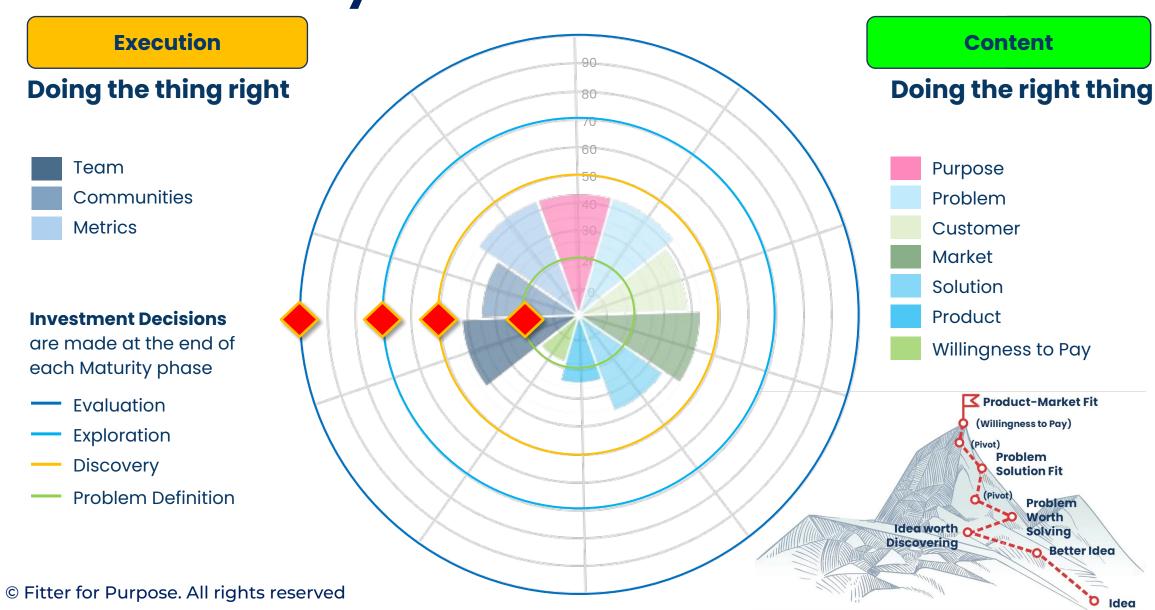


Initiative Maturity
Actionable
characterisation
of the current status



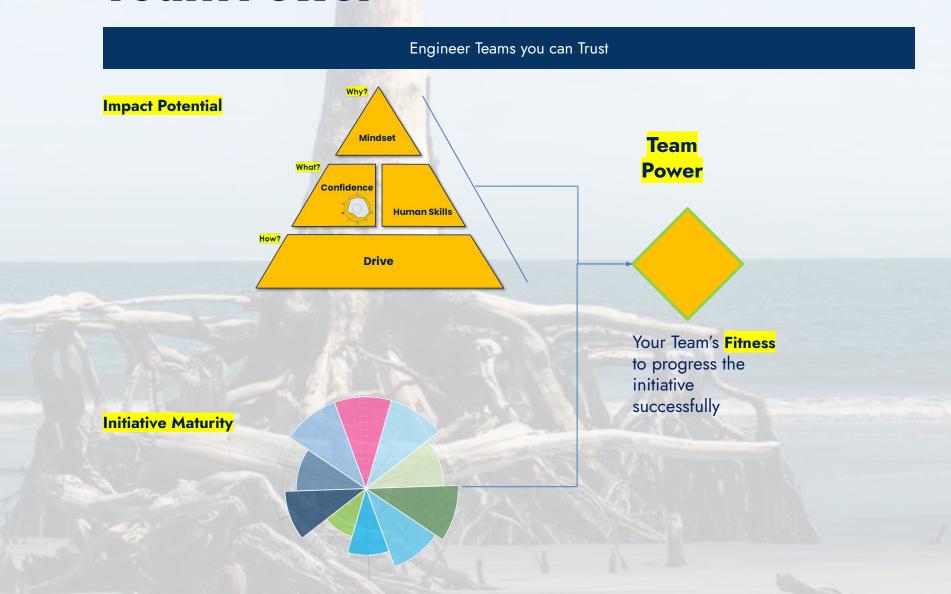


Initiative Maturity



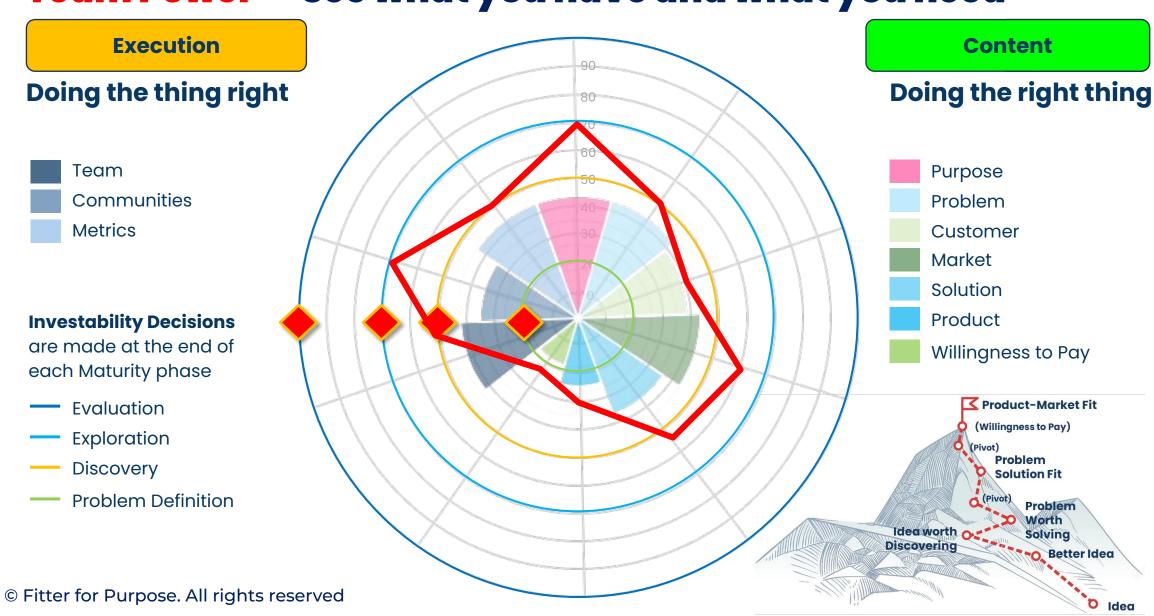
Team Power





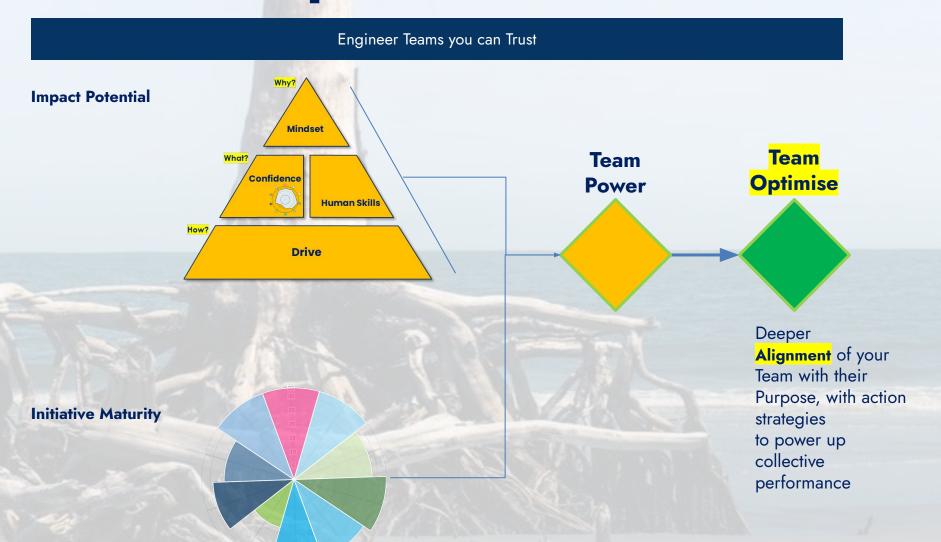


Team Power – See what you have and what you need



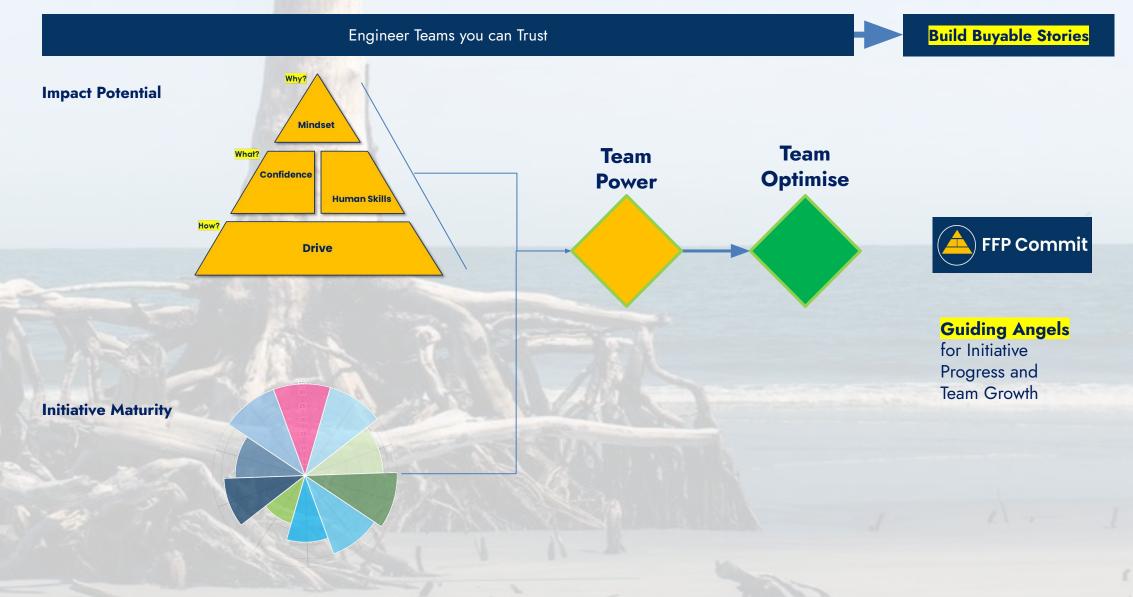
Fitter for Purpose: Services Flow





Fitter for Purpose: Services Flow



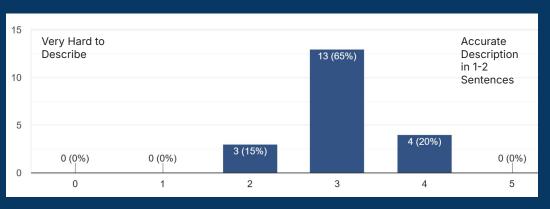


How Buyable is your Story?

How Buyable is your Story?

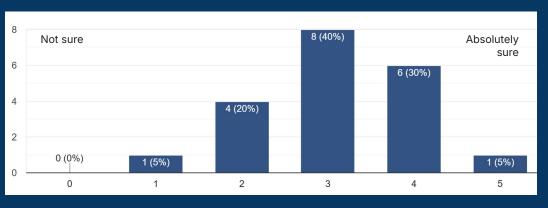


Progress



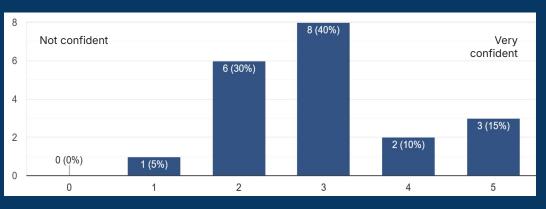
How quickly and accurately could you characterise the maturity of your initiative?

Process



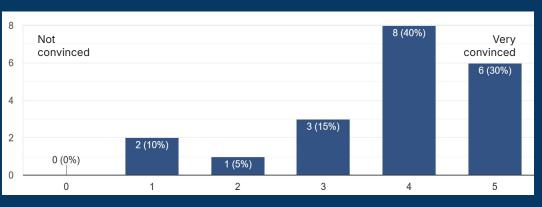
How sure are you that your Solution will win?

Process



How confident are you that your team can navigate the lab-to-market journey?

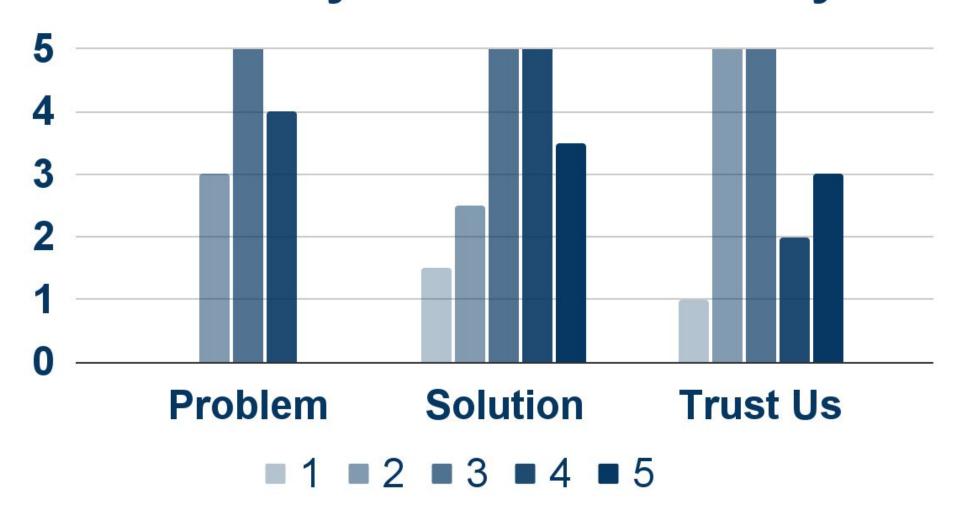
People



How convinced are you that your current team can deliver the promise of the science?

Can we ask you a few questions about oiscovery

discovery about Discovery



Siscovery

Problem

Over the last 3 months, who has been purposefully engaging with Users | Customers | Stakeholders to understand the Problem and the value of solving it?



Problem

How structured is your process for discovering and updating your understanding of the Problem?



Solution

When you test your Solution

(eg via prototypes, demos, pilots), who is directly involved in designing, running and debriefing those experiments?



Solution

To what extent do you follow a consistent and repeatable cycle for Solution validation?

(eg define hypothesis → design test → run → review data → decide next step)



Trust Us

Across your core team, how regularly do people (not just founders) engage directly with the outside world - customers, users, partners, critics - and then bring back insights to validate your proposition?



Trust Us

To what extent do you ensure that the different strengths in the team (technical, business, relational, analytical) are actively used in discovery - and in adapting to what you learn from the outside world?

Recap

Lab-to-Market Success

is not the absence of risk, but the mastery of readiness

Connect

Baseline Discovery





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Renzo@fitterforpurpose.io

fitterforpurpose.io



Book a call



Book a call



Buyable Stories delivered by Teams you can Trust